8.—Farm Service Furnished by Central Electric Stations, 1949 and 1950

Note.—Farm service was not reported separately in Newfoundland, Yukon Territory or the Northwest Territories.

Year and Province	Customers	Consumption of Electric Energy		Revenue Received		
	Customers	Total Kilowatt Hours	Average kwh. per Customer	Total	Average per Customer	Average per kwh.
	No.	No.	No.	\$	\$	cts.
1949						
Prince Edward Island	3,860	2,514,369	651	161,243	41.77	6.4
Nova Scotia	13,533	11,486,027	849	484,008	35.77	4.2
New Brunswick	28,490	20, 181, 747	708	1,000,490	35.12	5.0
Quebec	74,857	62,382,972	833	2,089,400	27.91	3.3
Ontario	106,134	293,267,952	2,763	4,806,085	45.28	1.6
Manitoba	11,155	23,570,763	2,113	780,295	69 - 95	3.3
Saskatchewan	2,299	2,022,198	880	146,742	63 · 83	$7 \cdot 3$
Alberta	5,017	10,677,838	2,128	437,336	87 - 17	4.1
British Columbia	5,521	13,466,446	2,439	309,720	56-10	2.3
Totals, 1949	250,866	439,570,312	1,752	10,215,319	40 · 72	2.3
1950						
rince Edward Island	4,916	4,445,837	904	273,508	55 · 64	$6 \cdot 2$
Nova Scotia	18,371	13,788,320	751	545, 182	29.68	4.0
New Brunswick	31,721	23,381,425	737	1,160,836	36.60	5.0
Quebec	83,618	78,472,220	938	2,654,548	31.75	3-4
Ontario	119,018	371,217,464	3,119	6,848,172	57 · 54	1.8
Manitoba	16,964	40,017,358	2,359	1,238,866	73.03	$3 \cdot 1$
Saskatchewan	4,057	3,571,983	880	247,133	60.92	6.9
Alberta	7,866	17,698,835	2,250	598,608	76-10	3.4
British Columbia	17,196	34, 155, 084	1,986	748,781	43.54	$2 \cdot 2$
Totals, 1950	303,727	586,748,526	1,932	14,315,634	47 · 13	2.4

Equipment of Central Electric Stations.—Auxiliary equipment includes only thermal engines and generators operated by them in hydraulic stations and in non-generating plants and does not include spare equipment in thermal stations or spare hydraulic equipment in hydraulic stations. Such equipment is classed as main-plant equipment. The capacities of the equipment are the manufacturers' ratings and, for water wheels and turbines, the kilowatt hour capacities vary with the supply of water. The majority of the hydraulic stations are large, serving wide areas over transmission lines, whereas most of the plants with thermal engines are small, serving the needs of the local municipality. The number of thermal engines increased from previous years. Equipment data were not included for small industries or firms, mainly in Saskatchewan and Alberta, whose output was largely consumed by their own plants.